

**NAME & POSTAL ADDRESS:**

## **2010 CLUB DIRECTOR EXAM PAPER 2 – LAWS AND REGULATIONS INSTRUCTIONS**

- ◆ Write in black or blue pen.
- ◆ Answer all questions on the exam paper. If space is insufficient either add pages at the end or write on the back of the previous page.
- ◆ The use of "you" throughout this paper means you as the director.
- ◆ Write enough to show that you understand the applicable law (or laws) and can apply it in the given situations.
- ◆ All answers require all relevant Law Reference Numbers unless told otherwise.
- ◆ Time allowed is flexible but 3 hours should be sufficient.
- ◆ You may refer to the 2007 Law Book, the QBA Regulations and one other piece of reference material of your choice. (Answers to old exam papers and prepared answers to possible questions are not permitted.)

### **QUESTION ONE**

Answer “Yes” or “No” to the following questions.

State the reference number of all of the Laws that influenced your answer.

If a QBA Regulation applies then give the page and/or clause number.

- A) Must players shuffle their cards before putting them back in the board?
- B) Are players required to count their cards before returning them to the board?
- C) May a defender advise their partner if they have a quitted trick turned the wrong way?

Yes or No	Law Nos. QBA Reg

	Yes or No	Law Nos. QBA Reg
D) East opens 2NT which is alerted by West because it shows 5+ in both minors 8-11 HCP. South overcalls 3D which shows the majors but with spades longer. Is 3D self-alerting?		
E) A player writes "2" and then crosses it out and writes "3S". Is this a change of bid?		
F) South made a faced up opening lead out of turn. Are there times when this card may be changed?		
G) Having accidentally revoked, is a player entitled to deliberately revoke in an attempt to avoid detection?		
H) May either defender accept declarer's lead from the wrong hand?		
I) Declarer has not followed suit during the current trick. May dummy ask them if they have revoked?		
J) During the auction West withdraws an insufficient bid that shows spades and another unspecified suit. May the eventual declarer, North, prohibit the opening lead of a diamond?		
K) Is an alert that is not required by regulation classed as unauthorised information?		
L) Is information from withdrawn calls authorised to the non-offenders?		
M) A player, holding a lot of hearts, is distracted by noise at another table and accidentally bids 2S. Are they entitled to change their bid?		
N) East has the ♣8 on the table as a minor penalty card? Is it required to be played at the first legal opportunity?		
O) May a player ask a question solely for partner's benefit?		
P) May an insufficient bid be replaced with a double?		
Q) A player makes the opening lead to the contract and then discovers that they still have their hand from the previous board. What happens now?		

**QUESTION TWO**

SOUTH	WEST	NORTH	EAST
1♠	1♦!		

North calls attention to the insufficient bid of 1♦. West does not wait for the director and changes 1♦ to double. A 1D opening would be 3+ diamonds and 11-20 HCP, whereas a 2♦ overall would show 5+ diamonds and 11-16 HCP. What is your ruling?

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What Law(s) apply? .....

**QUESTION THREE**

An opening bid of 2♠ was made by East when North was the dealer and had not yet passed. 2♠ shows is a natural weak-two. North opens the bidding and East is able to make a weak-jump in spades over North's opening bid. Firstly, is there any bidding restrictions on West, and secondly what lead restrictions, if any, are offered to declarer the first time that West is on lead, whether it is the opening lead or during the play?

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What Law(s) apply? .....

**QUESTION FOUR**

You are called to a table and find that East has faced an opening lead, but it is South that is the declarer in 3NT.

(a) What is your ruling?

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What Law(s) apply? .....

(b) What is your ruling if the players agree that East asked whose lead it was and when North said “yours”, promptly played a card face-up?

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What Law(s) apply? .....



**QUESTION SIX**

(a) South is the dealer. North has opened 2♣ (artificial & strong) and East has called for the director before taking any action. What is your ruling?

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What Law(s) apply? .....

(b) Will your ruling be different if East passed before the bid out of rotation was brought to the attention of the players and the director was called?

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What Law(s) apply? .....

**QUESTION SEVEN**

West has already looked at their cards when South announces that they only have 12 cards. West has the ♥5 from the South hand. How do you handle this situation?

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What Law(s) apply? .....

**QUESTION EIGHT**

South is declarer in 6♥. At trick 9 East ruffs a diamond lead and declarer over-ruffs. East now discovers that they only have 3 cards left and the director is called. You find the missing card among East's quitted tricks. The ♦K was hidden under the ♦T played to trick 5. Declarer had won trick 5 with the ♦Q. East has followed to all diamond leads prior to the current trick. What is your ruling?

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What Law(s) apply? .....

**QUESTION NINE**

	♠ Q8643 ♥ A95 ♦ 872 ♣ K2	
♠ - ♥ T432 ♦ JT63 ♣ 87643		♠ JT52 ♥ J87 ♦ A95 ♣ JT9
	♠ AK97 ♥ KQ6 ♦ K1Q4 ♣ AQ5	

South is declarer in 6♠. East wins the opening lead with the ♦A, and returns the ♦9. South, a very experienced player, displays their hand and says, “drawing trumps”. Upon seeing all 4 hands South claims that obviously by first leading towards dummy East does not get a trump trick, but East-West claim a trump trick as South could play the ♠A or ♠K first, and not be able to pick up East’s trump holding.

What is your ruling?

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What Law(s) apply? .....

**QUESTION TEN**

North as declarer leads the ♥3 towards the ♥QJ1076 in the dummy. West immediately plays his singleton ♥K before East has played to the trick. What is your ruling?

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What Law(s) apply? .....



**QUESTION ELEVEN**

NORTH	EAST	SOUTH	WEST
		1♥	1♠
2♠ <sup>1</sup>	3♠	4♥	4♠
Pass	Pass		

2S<sup>1</sup> shows 4+ hearts and invitational values

At this stage of the auction North makes a face up opening lead of the ♣2.  
What is your ruling?

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What Law(s) apply? .....

**QUESTION TWELVE**

Declarer, West , wins trick 4 and leads a small club. North intends to play the ♣7, but accidentally pulls out the ♣A as well, and both cards are on the table face up and visible. What is your ruling?

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What Law(s) apply? .....





